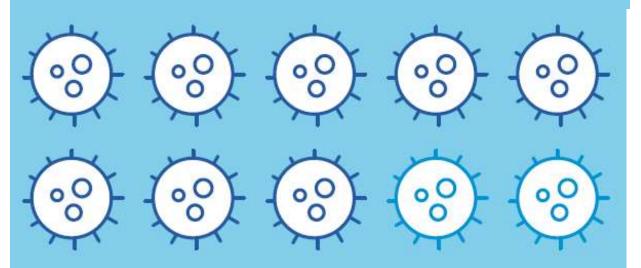
#### Market drivers and value

- Every year, thousands of people are sickened by germs in pools and spas
- One of the hardiest culprits, Cryptosporidium, is less affected by chlorine when cyanuric acid (CYA) levels are high
- CYA is a stabilizer used in sanitizers like trichlor to prevent loss of chlorine due to UV rays
- Chlorine has a limited ability to kill Cryptosporidium when CYA in excess of 9ppm, and this gets progressively worse as you pass 20ppm and on to 50ppm (similar effect on Giardia)
- Model aquatic health code (MAHC) push to lower
  CYA limits in commercial pools
- This will open new market opportunities as CYA levels are reduced in commercial pools

# Nearly 8 in 10

Outbreaks of gastrointestinal illness associated with treated recreational water (2003-12) are caused by the bacterium *Cryptosporidium*<sup>1</sup>



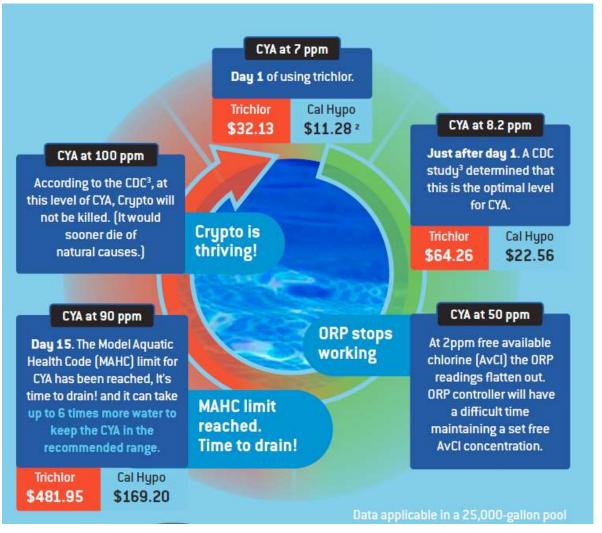
#### Market drivers and value

CYA can only be removed through dilution.

So what is the true cost of using trichlor?

- Trichlor continually adds CYA to the system
- Just after day 1, the CYA is at 8.2 ppm, what the CDC considers the optimal level
- If not drained:
  - CYA at 50 ppm will cause ORP to fail
  - CYA at 90 ppm, the MAHC limit is reached TIME TO DRAIN!
    - Water usage can be up to 6 times the amount of a Cal-hypo sanitized pool
    - Drought conditions and the high cost of water in several regions of the country drives the cost of operation up





# **CCH®** Endurance

#### **CYA Regulations and Limitations**

**United States:** Trichlor banned on indoor pools in several states and outdoor pools in New York and New Mexico

**Germany:** The German health code does not allow the use of stabilized sanitizers for indoor and outdoor pools.

**Mexico:** The Mexican health code does not allow the use of stabilized sanitizers in indoor pools.

**Others?** 



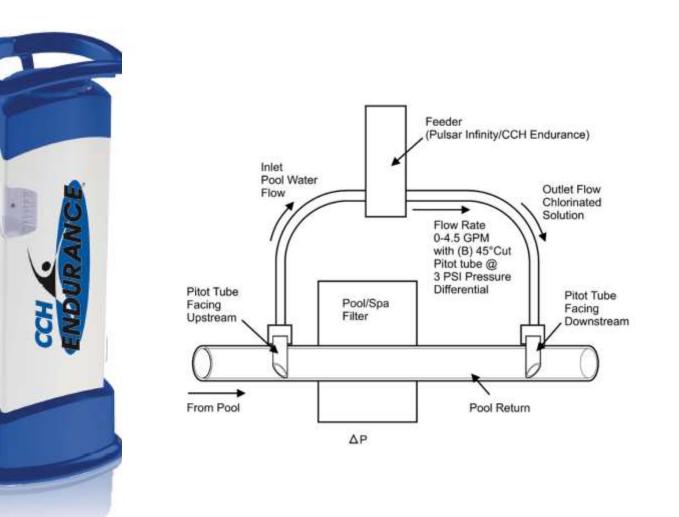
**Tablet Technology** 

- Patent-pending formulation of calcium hypochlorite with slow dissolving properties
  - The reduction in dissolving rate will allow for the tablets to be used in small to medium commercial pool applications, in pressurized feeders, and reduce the maintenance and operational requirements needed from facility personnel.
- 3 in 1 product that chlorinates while adding calcium and increasing alkalinity
- Class 2 oxidizer
- Does not contain cyanuric acid (CYA / stabilizer / conditioner)
- Will not interfere with ORP systems
- Will not cause "over stabilization" or "chlorine lock"
- Will not interfere with alkalinity tests
- 68% active with up to a 2 year shelf life
- 265 gram, 2.7" blue colored tablet
- Available in 25 lb. pails
- This product will compete directly with Trichloroisocyanuric (TCCA) Hypochlorite and to a smaller extent, Calcium Hypochlorite

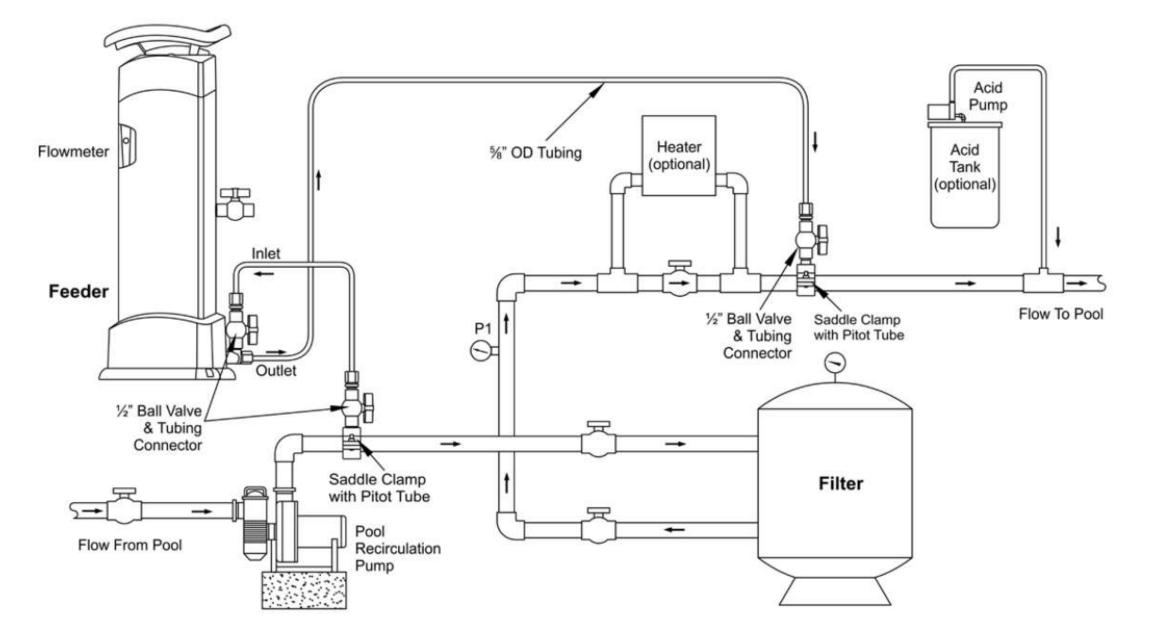


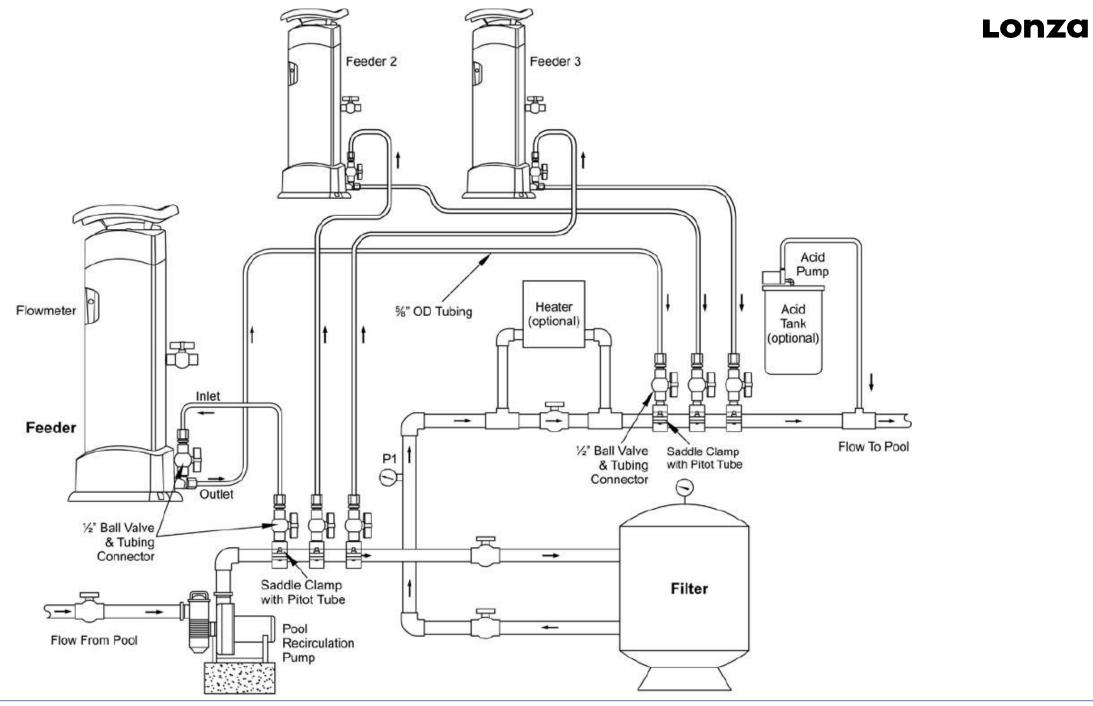
#### Feeder Technology

- Injection molded components
- NSF listed PVC material
- Output rate: ~0-9lbs Av. Cl/Day
- Holds 11 tablets @ 265g each
- Feeder specifications:
  - Width: 12"
  - Depth: 13"
  - Height: 31"
  - Weight: 23 lbs. (empty)
  - Tubing size: 5/8" O.D.
- Pressurized feeder
- Pressure differential installation (across pool filter) with pitot tubes
- Patent-pending design that delivers precise control of chlorine output rate



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#### Lonza

# **CCH<sup>®</sup> Endurance**

Feeder Technology

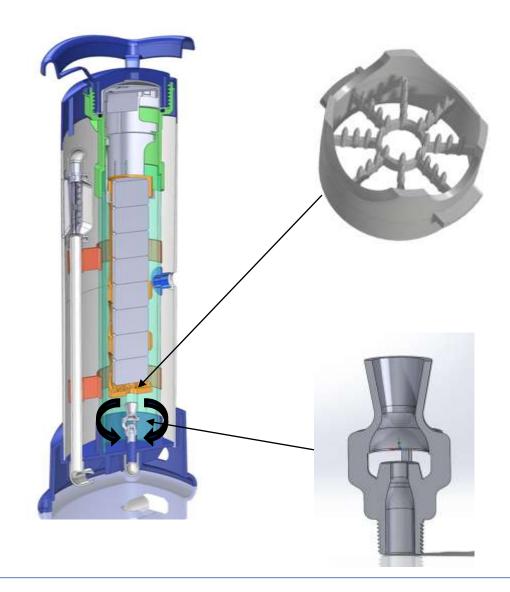
- Pressurized feeder allows it to be plumbed to pressure side of pump down stream of all pumps, filters, heaters and ORP controls.
- Unique thread design on lid creates a positive lid seal with minimal operator effort
- Integrated flowmeter
- Easy ½" NPT connection
- Drain port allows for easy addition of new tablets
- Clean installation with inlet and outlet at base of feeder (inlet has ball valve for flow adjustment)
- Saddle clamps are provided with the feeder
- Can be installed in parallel for larger pools
- Can only be used with CCH<sup>®</sup> Endurance tablets



# **CCH®** Endurance

#### Feeder Technology – Tablet Dissolution

- Stacked tablet design
- Spiked grid allows for even tablet dissolution
- Unique nozzle design
  - Recirculates the flow at the bottom of the feeder
  - Designed to dissolve the bottom of the tablet evenly
  - Concentrates the cal-hypo solution
  - Creates turbulence and flow to move insoluble material through the feeder and out to pool



Lonzd

Feeder Technology – Output Control

- General Output rate is controlled by:
  - Grid distance from nozzle
  - Grid Distance is adjusted by rotating the height ring to disengage locking feature
  - Chamfered edges allow for easy adjustment

	Inlet Flow Rate - gpm (lpm)								
0.5	5 (1.9)	1 (3.8)	<b>1.5</b> <i>(</i> 5.7 <i>)</i>	<b>2</b> (7.6)	<b>2.5</b> (9.5)	<b>3</b> (11.4)	<b>3.5</b> (13.2)	<b>4</b> (15.1)	<b>4.5</b> (17)
Cartridge Setting	Output Rate lbs (kg) Av. Cl/Day								
Α	*	*	*	*	<b>3.2</b> (1.5)	<b>3.5</b> (1.6)	<b>4.5</b> (2)	<b>5.5</b> (2.5)	<b>9</b> (4.1)
В	*	*	*	*	<b>2.9</b> (1.3)	<b>3.2</b> (1.5)	<b>4.2</b> (1.9)	<b>5.2</b> (2.4)	<b>8.5</b> (3.9)
С	*	*	*	*	<b>2.6</b> (1.2)	<b>3.5</b> (1.6)	<b>3.9</b> (1.8)	<b>4.9</b> <i>(</i> 2 <i>.</i> 2 <i>)</i>	<b>8</b> (3.6)
D	*	*	*	<b>2</b> (0.9)	<b>2.3</b> (1)	<b>3.2</b> (1.5)	<b>3.6</b> (1.6)	<b>4.5</b> (2)	<b>7.5</b> (3.4)
E	*	*	*	<b>1.8</b> <i>(0.8)</i>	<b>2</b> (0.9)	<b>2.9</b> (1.3)	<b>3.3</b> (1.5)	<b>4.2</b> (1.9)	<b>6.5</b> <i>(</i> 2 <i>.</i> 9 <i>)</i>
F 0.7	7 (0.3)	<b>1</b> <i>(0.5)</i>	<b>1.4</b> <i>(0.6)</i>	<b>1.6</b> <i>(0.7)</i>	<b>1.8</b> <i>(0.8)</i>	<b>2.6</b> (1.2)	<b>3</b> (1.4)	<b>4</b> (1.8)	<b>6</b> (2.7)
G 0.6	<b>6</b> (0.3)	<b>0.9</b> (0.4)	<b>1.2</b> (0.5)	<b>1.4</b> <i>(0.6)</i>	<b>1.6</b> <i>(0.7)</i>	<b>2.3</b> (1)	<b>2.7</b> (1.2)	<b>3.8</b> (1.7)	<b>5.5</b> (2.5)
H 0.5	5 (0.2)	<b>0.8</b> (0.4)	<b>1</b> <i>(0.5)</i>	<b>1.2</b> <i>(0.5)</i>	<b>1.4</b> <i>(0.6)</i>	<b>2</b> (0.9)	<b>2.4</b> (1.1)	<b>3.5</b> (1.6)	<b>5</b> (2.3)

\* Use higher flow rate





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### **CCH<sup>®</sup> Endurance**

#### Feeder Technology – Output Control

- Precise output rate is controlled by an Integrated 0 – 4.5 gpm flowmeter with a built in check valve
- Easily integrated with chemical feed automation using optional solenoid kit (1, 2 or 3 feeders)

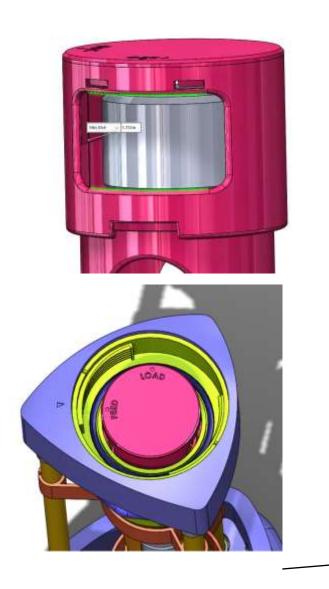


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# **CCH<sup>®</sup> Endurance**

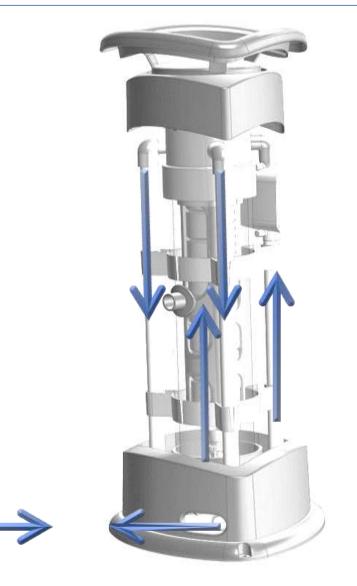
#### Feeder Technology – Safety Features

- Cartridge feature designed to only allow the use of the CCH<sup>®</sup> Endurance 2.7" cal hypo tablets
  - 40 44mm thick
- Use of cal hypo eliminates the formation of nitrogen chloride (NCl<sub>3</sub> – causes the "chlorine" odor) associated with trichlor use
- Drain to prevent chlorine spills when adding tablets
- Tablet canister has "load" and "feed" positions to lock into place making addition of tablets easy
- Feeder base designed with seismic restraints



#### Feeder Technology - Method of Operation

- Water flows into inlet at base of feeder
- Up through integrated flowmeter
- Back down to base
- Back up through nozzle and tablet stack
- Back down to base
- Out to pool



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